## IATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

## FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

## DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED CHEMISTRY

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY II FOR SCH AND TTE

SCH2204

Supplementary Examination Paper

July 2016

This examination paper consists of 3 pages
Time Allowed: 3 hours

Total Marks: 100

Examiner's Name: Dr. S Majoni
Useful information: $\quad \mathrm{R}=8.314 \mathrm{JK}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} ; 1 \mathrm{~atm}=101325 \mathrm{~Pa} ; 1 \mathrm{bar}=100000 \mathrm{~Pa}$

## INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answer ALL questions
2. Each question carries 25 marks

MARK ALLOCATION

| QUESTION | MARKS |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. | 25 |
| 2. | 25 |
| 3. | 25 |
| 4. | 25 |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |

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1. a) Given an equation in the form shown below:

$$
\Lambda_{M}=\Lambda_{M}^{\circ}-\beta \sqrt{\frac{c}{c_{o}}}
$$

What information are you are able to obtain from the equation? Sketch the plot that you need to obtain the information.
b) A solution of A is mixed with a solution of B containing the same number of moles, and the reaction $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}$ occurs. At the end of one hour, $50 \%$ of A has reacted. How much of A will remain unreacted after 2 hours if the reaction is:
i) Zeroth order with respect to both A and B .
[5 marks]
ii) First order with respect to A and zeroth order with respect to B. [5 marks]
iii) Second order with respect to A.
[5 marks]
2. Consider the following cell: $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{s}) \mid \mathrm{CuSO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq}, 0.5 \mathrm{M}) \| \mathrm{Ag}+(\mathrm{aq}, 0.15 \mathrm{M} \mid \mathrm{Ag}(\mathrm{s})$
a) Draw a well labelled diagram representing the above cell and calculate the cell potential at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
[10 marks]
b) What does the double line in the above line diagram represent and discuss its importance for the cell?
[8 marks]
c) Calculate the equilibrium constant at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and the work done under standard conditions.
3. The proposed mechanism for the reaction between $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ and HBr is as follows

> step 1 forward: $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}+\mathrm{H}^{+} \xrightarrow{k_{1}} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}_{2}^{+} \quad$ fast equilibrium
> reverse: $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}_{2}^{+} \xrightarrow{k_{-1}} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}+\mathrm{H}^{+}$
step 2: $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}_{2}^{+}+\mathrm{Br}^{-} \xrightarrow{k_{3}} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \quad$ slow
a) Write the overall reaction and comment on the validity of the mechanism with respect to that aspect of testing validity of mechanisms. [8 marks]
b) Determine the rate law from the mechanism above.
c) The data below shows the temperature dependence of the rate of decomposition of $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}(\mathrm{~g})$ into $\mathrm{NO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ and $\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$.

| $\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{K}$ | $k\left(\mathrm{~s}^{-1}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 338 | $4.87 \times 10^{-3}$ |
| 328 | $1.50 \times 10^{-3}$ |
| 318 | $4.98 \times 10^{-4}$ |
| 308 | $1.35 \times 10^{-4}$ |
| 298 | $3.46 \times 10^{-5}$ |
| 273 | $7.87 \times 10^{-7}$ |

i. What is the order of the reaction?
[1 mark]
ii. Determine the activation energy for the reaction.
[10 marks]
4.
a) Distinguish between chemical adsorption and physical adsorption. [10 marks]
b) Discuss why heterogeneous catalysis is more common in industrial processes, include the importance of the adsorption process in your answer. [8 marks]
c) Calculate the ionic strength and the mean ionic activity coefficient of 0.001 mol $\mathrm{kg}^{-1} \mathrm{CaCl}_{2 \text { (aq) }}$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$\log \gamma_{ \pm}=-\left|Z^{+} Z^{-}\right| A I^{1 / 2} ; \mathrm{A}=0.509 ; I=\frac{1}{2} \sum Z_{i}^{2} m_{i}$

