

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED PHYSICS

SPH 4102 – NUCLEAR PHYSICS

SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

BSc HONOURS PART IV: JULY 2005

DURATION: 3 HOURS

ATTEMPT ALL PARTS OF QUESTION 1 FROM SECTION A AND ANY THREE FROM SECTION B. DRAW NEAT DIGRAMS WHEREEVER NECESSARY.

Planck's Constant	$h$	$= 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$
Permittivity of Free Space	$\epsilon_0$	$= 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F m}^{-1}$
Permeability of Free space	$\mu_0$	$= 4 \pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ W m}^{-1}$
Avogadro's Number	$N_A$	$= 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
Boltzmann's Constant	$k$	$= 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$
Rest mass of an Electron	$m$	$= 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
Charge on an Electron	$e$	$= 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
Atomic Mass Unit	$M$	$= 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$

SECTION A

1. (a) What is meant by the term "cross section" as applied to nuclear reactions? [4]
- (b) Explain the terms "Hydrons and Leptons" Give examples [5]
- (c) Calculate the velocity of a proton of energy 10 MeV as a fraction of the velocity of the light. How long a proton would take to move from the ion source to the target in a uniform 10 MV accelerating tube 3 m long? [6]
- (d) Derive the semi empirical mass formula for a nucleus. [8]
- (e) Calculate the binding energy and the binding energy per nucleon for  $^{114}\text{Cd}$  given that the mass excess are  $p = 7.29 \text{ MeV}$ ,  $n = 8.07 \text{ MeV}$ ,  $^{114}\text{Cd} = -90.01 \text{ MeV}$ ,  $^{113}\text{Cd} = -89.04 \text{ MeV}$ ,  $^{113}\text{Ag} = -87.04 \text{ MeV}$ . [6]
- (f) Explain the nuclear stability. [5]
- (g) Explain the meaning of the term *magic numbers*. [6]

**SECTION B**

2. (a) Explain the displacement laws of the isotope formation in a radioactive series. Apply the rules to the radioactive disintegration of  ${}^{231}_{92}\text{Th}$ . [10]
- (b) How neutron and neutrino were predicted and detected by Chadwick? Write the expressions for the velocities of proton and nitrogen nucleus in the Chadwick's experiment. [10]
3. (a) Explain the process of alpha decay and barrier penetration. [8]
- (b) Discuss the Gamow's theory of alpha decay. [8]
- (c) The Q value for alpha decay of RaC ( ${}^{214}\text{Po}$ ) is 7.83 MeV. What is the energy of the alpha particles emitted? [4]
4. (a) Discuss in detail the shell model of the nucleus. How will you confirm the existence of the nuclear shells? [10]
- (b) Using the relativistic relation between energy and momentum, find the minimum kinetic energy of an (i) electron, and (ii) a proton confined within a dimension of  $7 \times 10^{-15}$  m. Assume  $\Delta p \times \Delta r = h$ . [10]
5. (a) What do you understand by the term fission? Give illustrations. [6]
- (b) Discuss the theory of the fission. [9]
- (c) Calculate the energy release in the spontaneous fission of  ${}^{232}_{92}\text{U}$  to  ${}^{145}_{57}\text{La}$  and  ${}^{87}_{35}\text{Br}$ . The masses concerned are  ${}^{231}\text{U} = 231.0363$ ,  ${}^{232}\text{U} = 232.0372$ ,  ${}^{146}\text{La} = 145.9255$ ,  ${}^{145}\text{La} = 144.9217$ ,  ${}^{87}\text{Br} = 86.9203$  and  ${}^1_0\text{n} = 1.0087$ . [4]
6. Write notes on  
(i) Fusion,  
(ii) Tokamak Reactor,  
(iii) Nuclear reactions and  
(iv) Weak and strong interactions. [20]

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