

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCE
COMPUTER SCIENCE DEPARTMENT
AUGUST SUPPLEMENTS EXAMINATIONS 2004

SUBJECT: ALGORITHMS AND DATA STRUCTURES
CODE: SCS2103

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

Answer any 5 questions
Write all code in C

3 HOURS

QUESTION ONE

Write a C program to implement a linked circular queue. The queue should maintain details of incoming telephone calls. Each queue item should include a telephone number and a time of arrival. Include the following functions in your implementation

- (a) enqueue, to add an item to the end of the queue [5]
- (b) dequeue, to remove the first item from the queue [5]
- (c) count, to return the number of items in the queue [5]
- (d) display to display the items in the queue. [5]

QUESTION TWO

Write a C program, which is a dynamic tree arrangement. Each list item should include an integer, and the number of times that particular integer has been entered into the tree.

- (a) Provide a suitable declaration for the struct that describes each tree node. [2]
- (b) Provide a suitable declaration for the storage array. [1]

Implement the following functions:

- (c) insert, to add an integer to the tree [5]
- (d) count, to return the number of nodes in the tree [3]
- (e) preorder, to perform a preorder traversal of the tree [3]
- (f) inorder, to perform an inorder traversal of the tree [3]
- (g) postorder, to perform a postorder traversal of the tree [3]

NB: Your visits to each node should print out the integer stored there, as well as the number of times each integer was inserted into the tree.

QUESTION THREE

Write a C function which appends a static list to another static list to produce a resulting list. The function should not destroy the original lists. [20]

QUESTION FOUR

Compare and contrast the time complexity of the following internal sorting algorithms using a model of execution of your choice and summarize using the Big-O notation.

Algorithm 1:

```
void straight_insertion(float a[], int n) {
    int i, j;
    T temp;

    for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        temp = a[i];
        j = i;
        while (temp < a[j-1]) {
            a[j] = a[j-1];
            j--;
        }
        a[j] = temp;
    }
}
and
```

Algorithm 2:

```
void bubble_sort(float a[], int n) {
    int i, j;
    T temp;

    for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        for (j = n-1; j >= i; j--) {
            if (a[j-1] > a[j]) {
                temp = a[j-1];
                a[j-1] = a[j];
                a[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
}
}
```

[20]

QUESTION FIVE

Implement a dynamic stack of floats. Be sure to include the following operations:

- (a) Push, to add an element to the top of the stack. [5]
- (b) Top, to return the value stored at the top of the stack. [5]
- (c) Pop, to remove and return the top-most value in the stack. [5]
- (d) Height, to return the number of nodes in the stack. [5]

QUESTION SIX

- (a) Write a C program to implement a linked list. Include the following operations using recursive implementations
 - (i) Append [3]
 - (ii) Delete [4]
 - (iii) Display [3]
- (b) Write a function to append one linked list to another. [10]

QUESTION SEVEN

- (a) Provide a detailed description of the Big-O notation. [6]
- (b) Explain how it may be used with respect to an algorithm of your choice. [14]

END OF QUESTION PAPER



GOOD LUCK!

