

**NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCE**  
**COMPUTER SCIENCE DEPARTMENT**  
**Examination January 2013**

**SUBJECT: Information Systems and Auditing**  
**CODE: SCIS 5204**

**Instructions to candidate:**

1. Answer any four questions. Paper contains five questions.
2. Each question is worth 25 MARKS

**DURATION 3HRS**

**QUESTION ONE**

- a) State the physical security threats and their mitigation methods. [5 marks]
- b) Explain the concept of physical security. [5 marks]
- c) Discuss the critical issues which need to be included in an organisation's computer security policy document. [15 marks]

**QUESTION TWO**

- a) Explain why a packet-filtering router should reassemble a packet that has been fragmented in the network and check its authentication header, instead of forwarding the fragments to the destination. [10 marks]
- b) Identify the fields in the Ipv4 header that cannot be covered by the authentication header, and what can you do to protect them. [10 marks]
- c) Differentiate between a buffer overflow attack and a parameter tempering attack. [5 marks]

**QUESTION THREE**

- a) Denial of Service is an attack on a computer system that denies authorised users access to the system. How is this different from a distributed denial of service attack and what are the mitigation methodologies. [5 marks]
- b) Differentiate between session hijacking at the network layer and at the application layer. [5 marks]
- c) Outline the impact that session hijacking may have on an organisation. [5 marks]
- d) Discuss the measures which may be implemented by network administrators to protect their networks from session hijacking. [10 marks]

### QUESTION FOUR

a) There are five steps taken by malicious users to breach the computer security of an organisation. Discuss. [10 marks]

b) You have been tasked with writing a technical report to your organisation's CEO regarding which encryption system is suitable for securing information during data transfer, between a public key cryptographic system and a private key cryptographic system. Outline the major points you would include in the report. [10 marks]

c) The simplest encryption techniques involve substituting the **plaintext alphabet** (codeword) with a new alphabet known as the **ciphertext alphabet**. Given the following plaintext and ciphertext determine the key for the ciphertext.

plaintext: *computersecurity*  
ciphertext: *zljmrqbopbzrofqv*

[5 marks]

### QUESTION FIVE

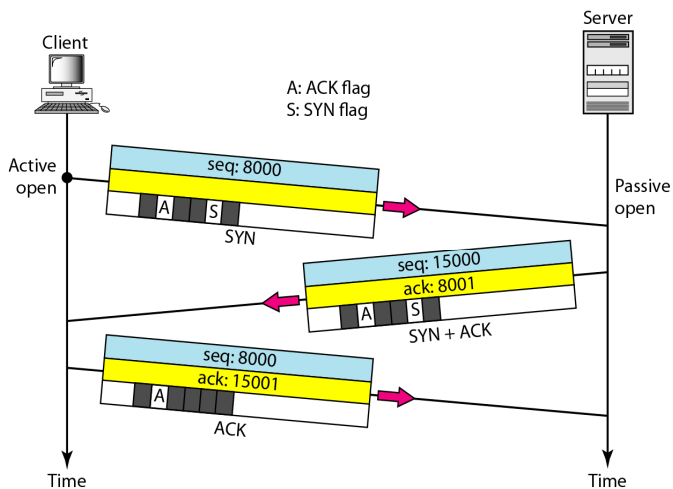


Figure 1

a) Figure 1 is an illustration of a process known as the Three – Way Handshake. Using the diagram explain how this process occurs. [10 marks]

b) Discuss how malicious users are able to take advantage of the functionality of the Three – Way Handshake to breach the information security of an organisation. [10 marks]

c) “*Web applications are vulnerable to injection flaws*” qualify this statement. [5 marks]

**End of Paper**