NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FACULTY OF COMMERCE DEPARTMENT OF BANKING PRINCIPLES OF MICROECONOMICS

CBA 1104
Supplementary Examination Paper
August 2015

This examination paper consists of 3 pages
Time Allowed: 3 hours
Total Marks: 100

Examiner's Name: Miss Nothando Tshuma \&Ms Sibonginkosi Chaibva INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answer any four (4) questions.
2. Each question carries 25 marks.
3. Use of calculators is permissible.

## MARK ALLOCATION

| QUESTION | MARKS |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. | 25 |
| 2. | 25 |
| 3. | 25 |
| 4. | 25 |
| 5. | 25 |
| TOTAL | 100 |

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## QUESTION ONE

a. State five conditions necessary for a market to exist.
b. With the aid of diagrams, explain the following terms:
i. Market Equilibrium [4 marks]
ii. Diminishing Marginal returns [4 marks]
iii. Consumer surplus [4 marks]
iv. Producer surplus [4 marks]
v. Deadweight loss

TOTAL 25 MARKS

## QUESTION TWO

a. Michael Ncube has the following utility and budget conditions associated with his demand for ice-cream and frozen yoghurt. The prices of ice-cream and frozen yoghurt are $\$ 2$ and $\$ 3$ respectively. He has a fixed income of $\$ 10$.The following table shows the utility derived from ice-cream and frozen yoghurt per week.

| Units | Total Utility(Ice-cream) | Total Utility (Yoghurt) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 30 | 39 |
| 2 | 50 | 69 |
| 3 | 64 | 93 |
| 4 | 74 | 111 |
| 5 | 80 | 126 |

## Calculate:

i. The weighted marginal utilities of ice-cream and frozen yoghurt.[10marks]
ii. The optimum level of ice-cream and frozen yoghurt.
b. Describe the properties of indifference curves.

## QUESTION THREE

a. To what extent is the concept of price elasticity of demand relevant to a marketing manager of a supermarket?
b. Using the cardinal and ordinal approach, explain how consumers attain equilibrium in the goods market.

TOTAL 25 MARKS

## QUESTION FOUR

a. What is the difference between accounting costs and economic costs [2 marks]

The table below gives the total cost and total revenue for Company ABC.

| Quantity | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total Cost(\$ 000) | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 19 | 27 | 37 |
| Total Revenue <br> \$ (000) | 0 | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 |

b. Calculate profit for each quantity and determine how much $A B C$ should produce in order to maximize profit.
c. Calculate the marginal revenue and marginal cost for each quantity and explain the relationship between the two.

TOTAL 25 MARKS

## QUESTION FIVE

a. Distinguish between monopoly and monopolistic competition. [6 marks]
b. With reference to a monopoly that you know of in Zimbabwe, explain why monopolies arise.
[5 marks]
c. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of a monopoly market structure.
[8 marks]
d. With the aid of a diagram, describe the shutdown condition of a perfectly competitive firm.
[6 marks]
TOTAL 25 MARKS

## QUESTION SIX

a. Explain the relationship between Total Cost, Average Cost and Marginal Cost. [7marks]
b. State the four main types of market structures. [4 marks]
c. Using an example of a Zimbabwean firm, briefly describe the dominant firm model in oligopolistic models.
[6 marks]
d. Compare and contrast monopoly and competitive market structures. [8 marks]

TOTAL 25 MARKS

