

**NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
FACULTY OF COMMERCE
DEPARTMENT OF BANKING
BACHELOR OF COMMERCE HONOURS DEGREE IN BANKING

BANK LENDING AND CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT II
CBA 4206**

SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

OCTOBER 2009

TIME 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- The paper contains **SEVEN (7)** questions.
- Answer any 4 questions
- All questions carry equal marks [**25 marks**].
- Start the answer to each question on a fresh page of the answer sheet.
- Indicate on your answer booklet whether you are in the conventional or parallel programme

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

Questions may be written in any order, but must be legibly numbered.

The businesses in this question paper are intended to be fictitious.

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[Turn over]

QUESTION 1

- (a) Explain why credit risk is more critical for the banking portfolio than for the trading portfolio. **[10 Marks]**
- (b) With the aid of a diagram, illustrate how the Bottom – Up & Top – Down process of risk management can be used by banks to identify and control risks. **[10 Marks]**
- (c) Explain how Country risk can affect the credit worthiness of a corporate borrower to international lenders. **[5 Marks]**
- TOTAL [25 MARKS]**

QUESTION 2

- (a) Explain why, for interest rate risk, the Asset-Liability Management (ALM) function usually looks at the global view as opposed to a transaction by transaction view. **[6 Marks]**
- (b) You are given the following abridged Balance Sheet for XYZ Bank as at 30 June 2008.

ASSETS

Fixed rate assets	\$70 000 000
Variable rate assets	\$30 000 000
	\$100 000 000

LIABILITIES

Fixed rate liabilities	\$80 000 000
Variable rate liabilities	\$20 000 000
	\$100 000 000

You are also given that the market interest rate is currently averaging 80% and that the Fixed Rate Assets and Fixed Rate Liabilities are reset every quarter in March, June, September and December. Commercial margins are +10% and -20% for loans and deposits respectively.

Required:

- i) Calculate the interest margin given the current market rate **[3 Marks]**
- ii) Calculate the interest margin after an interest rate rise of 10 percentage points on the market rate, 75 days after the Balance Sheet date **[3 Marks]**
- iii) Reconcile the change in margin brought about by the 10 percentage point rise in market interest rates by showing the variations in margins for each item in the Balance Sheet. Explain the variations. **[5 Marks]**

- c) State and discuss any four (4) limitations of interest rate gaps
[8 Marks]

TOTAL [25 MARKS]

QUESTION 3

- (a) “Models, including those for managing credit risks, are not 100% true. They are mere simplifications or replications of reality”

Given the above statement and its implications on the results that one would get by using a model, why should banks continue to employ models in trying to manage credit risk in the real world?
[10 Marks]

- (b) Define what a *Risk Rating* is and describe the factors that usually contribute to the differences between a *facility Risk Rating* and a *Borrower Rating*. [15 Marks]

TOTAL [25 MARKS]

QUESTION 4

- (a) (i) Explain how a company wishing to introduce a new product can forecast that product's performance in support of a request for a project financing bank loan.

[10 Marks]

- (ii) Identify the type of the forecasting technique that would be used in (i) above and list its limitations.

[6 Marks]

- (b) Describe each of the following methods that are used with some forecasting techniques.

(i) Moving averages [5 Marks]

(ii) Exponential smoothing [4 Marks]

TOTAL [25 MARKS]

QUESTION 5

Identify and describe briefly, each of the subcategories of operating costs that banks have to consider in pricing loans under the traditional pricing technique.

TOTAL [25 MARKS]

QUESTION 6

- (a) Describe how a bank can improve the quality of its loan book by using each of the following techniques:
- (i) Diversification [4 Marks]
 - (ii) Novation [4 Marks]
 - (iii) Participation [4 Marks]
 - (iv) Syndication [5 Marks]
- (b) If the use of the above techniques does improve credit quality, why are banks in Zimbabwe not applying them? [8 Marks]

TOTAL [25 MARKS]

QUESTION 7

- (a) Define what predictive modelling is and describe the steps it entails. [3 Marks]
- (b) How can banks use predictive modelling to improve on the following areas:-
- (i) Customer Acquisition [4 Marks]
 - (ii) Credit Origination [4 Marks]
 - (iii) Customer Retention [4 Marks]
 - (iv) Customer Value Management [4 Marks]
- (c) Identify the shortcomings of predictive modelling [6 Marks]

TOTAL [25 MARKS]