NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FACULTY OF COMMERCE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE<br>BACHELOR OF COMMERCE HONOURS DEGREE IN<br>Accounting, Finance, Banking<br>Insurance \& Risk Management<br>Actuarial Science<br>Marketing and Management<br>PART II Ist SEMESTER FINAL EXAMINATION - DECEMBER 2006<br>CORPORATE FINANCE I [CFI 2101]<br>TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS 10 MINUTES

## INSTRUCTIONS

- THE PAPER IS 3 HOURS 10 MINUTES
- ANSWER QUESTION I [ SECTION A] AND ANY THREE QUESTIONS.
- QUESTION I CARRIES 40, OTHER QUESTIONS CARRY 20 MARKS EACH.


## SECTION A [COMPULSORY]

QUESTION 1
a) Suppose Poly Ltd is considering the production of an industrial robot for the television manufacturing industry. The net investment for this project can be broken down into three stages:

Stage 1: At $\mathrm{t}=0$, which in this case is sometime in the near future, conduct a $\$ 500000$ study of the market potential for robots in TV assembly lines.

Stage 2: If it appears that a sizeable market does exist, then at $\mathrm{t}=1$, spend $\$ 1000000$ to design and build a prototype robot. This robot would then be evaluated by TV Engineers, and their reactions would determine whether the firm should proceed with the project.

Stage 3: If the reaction to the prototype robot is good, then at $\mathrm{t}=2$, build a production plant at a net cost of $\$ 10000000$. If this stage were reached, the project would generate high, medium or low net cashflows over the following 4 years.

## Assumptions:

- The cost of capital is $11.5 \%$
- The probability of success at Stage 1 is $80 \%$ and $60 \%$ at Stage 2.
- The project cashflow probabilities at Stage 3 are;

| High | - | $30 \%$ chance | - | $\$ 10000000$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Medium | - | $40 \%$ chance | - | $\$ 4000000$ |
| Low | - | $30 \%$ chance | - | $(\$ 2000000)$ |

(i) Should Poly Ltd embark on the project?
(ii) Suppose Poly Ltd is not contractually bound to continue the industrial robot project, would you alter your decision in (i) above?
[8]
(iii) Compute the value of the abandonment option.
(b) Examine the role of a financial manager in an organization.
(c) Compute the present value of the following investment in Delta Inc: 1000 non-redeemable $9 \%$ preference shares of $\$ 10$ each. The prevailing interest rate in the market is $12 \%$ p.a. [5]

## QUESTION 2 <br> [20 Marks]

(a) Discuss the relationship of business risk and financial risk using the Boston Consulting Group [BCG] Model incorporating the Product Life Cycle.
(b) The following summary statistics are generated for the investment listed below;

|  | Mean-Return | $\sigma$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Government Bonds | $8 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| Paveco Ltd | $14 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| Energet Ltd | $18 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| Argyle Ltd | $20 \%$ | $11 \%$ |

Where $\sigma=$ Standard Deviation.
You may assume that the distribution around the mean have the properties of a normal distribution.

## Required

(i) Provide reasons [if such reasons exist] as to why an investment in government bonds may have a standard deviation other than zero. [2]
(ii) Calculate the co-efficient of variation of each of the 3 shares. [3]
(iii) Assume an investor is considering purchasing one of the above four shares. Identify considerations which should be taken into account and make a recommendation if possible.

## QUESTION 3

[20 Marks]
By 2005, after 2 years of frenzied merger activity, only two giant conglomerates remain on the Zimbabwe Stock Exchange, namely A and B. Each accounts for half the value of the market portfolio. You are given the following data:

| Expected Rate of Return $(r)$ | $\underline{\text { Firm A }}$ | $\underline{\text { Firm B }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Standard Deviation of <br> return $(\sigma)$ percent per year | 40 | $13 \%$ |
|  | 24 |  |

The correlation coefficient of A and B is $r_{a b}=0.8$.
(a) What is the expected rate of return on the market portfolio $\left(r_{m}\right)$ ?
(b) Compute the standard deviation of the market portfolio $\left(\sigma_{m}\right)$
(c) What are the betas of Stock A and $B$ with respect to the market portfolio?
(d) Assume the risk-free rate is 10\%. Are the expected rates of return on A and B consistent with the Capital Asset Pricing Model [CAPM?.
(e) Identify the assumptions that the model in (d) above is making.

## QUESTION 4

[20 Marks]
(a) Discuss the three versions of the Efficient Market Hypothesis in relation to a recognized stock exchange.
(b) Examine the main anomalies of the Efficient Market Hypothesis.

## QUESTION 5

[20 Marks]

Critically discuss the significance of corporate governance guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of Zimbabwe in combating the agency problem in Zimbabwe.

