

FACULTY OF COMMERCE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE MASTER OF SCIENCE DEGREE IN FISCAL STUDIES P.II FINAL EXAMINATION- APRIL/MAY 2014 INTERNATIONAL AND COMPARATIVE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY [CFS5203] TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. Attempt Four Questions, Two from Section A and Two from Section B.
- 2. All Questions carry equal marks (25 Marks)
- 3. Start each solution/ answer on a new page in your answer book
- 4. Write Legibly

SECTION A

QUESTION 1

- (a) State and explain any three (3) reasons why it is important for any holder of intellectual property rights to protect and enforce their rights. [5 Marks]
- (b) Identify and explain five (5) key elements for an effective strategy/ approach to enforcement of intellectual property rights [5 Marks]
- (c) Identify and explain three (3) ways in which an intellectual property rights holder may curb/ reduce infringement of his/ her rights. [5 Marks]
- (d) State and explain any three (3) steps one should take in the enforcement of their rights.

[5 Marks]

(e) If someone wishes to use the civil route for the enforcement of their intellectual property rights, what procedure are they expected to follow? [5 Marks]

QUESTION 2

a) Give examples of unfair competition.

[5 Marks]

b) List and explain the major categories of unfair competition.

[8 Marks]

c) Explain some of the variations in different countries' approach to Unfair Competition.

[5 Marks]

d) How do the laws of unfair competition relate to those designed to combat the abuse of a dominant market position? [7 Marks]

QUESTION 3

For each of the following intellectual property examples, state the area of IP law that would be most appropriate for their protection and give reasons:

- a) A company wishes to ensure that no-one else can use their logo. [5 Marks]
- b) A singer wishes to assign the rights to reproduce a video she made of her concert. [5 Marks]
- c) A new way to process milk so that there is no fat in any cheese made from it.

 [5 Marks]
- d) A company has decided to invest in packaging, which is distinctive, and they wish to ensure that they have sole use. [5 Marks]
- e) A company decides to use a logo that has the same shape as its competitor but with a different colour. [5 Marks]

QUESTION 4

- a) With reference to the Doha declaration, Hong Kong Declaration and the Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property (TRIPS) Agreement, critically assess the role of compulsory licensing.
- b) Discuss how the Patent System and the Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property (TRIPS) have affected the Social and Economic Development of Least Developed Countries (LDCs) [10 Marks]

SECTION B

QUESTION 5

Two companies, KAYBI (farm products) and ANGELOSI (a perfumery) have both approached SMART CONSULT and asked for help to increase their sales and the reputation of their respective companies. As part of the SMART CONSULT team, explain the following concepts to KAYBI and ANGELOSI:

a) The difference between a trademark and a brand; [3 Marks]

b) At least two (2) important strategies for brand development; [4 Marks]

c) The differences, advantages and disadvantages of assignment, licensing and franchising. [10 Marks]

d) Briefly discuss the following methods of commercialization of IP Assets

(i) Own exploitation of IP Assets [2 Marks]

(ii) Sell of IP Assets [2 Marks]
(v) Licensing of IP Assets [2 Marks]

(vi) Joint Ventures [2 Marks]

QUESTION 6

a) What do you consider to be the main objectives of the Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property (TRIPS) in relation to Intellectual Property Laws and Global Trade?

[15 Marks]

b) How relevant are the objectives of the TRIPS Agreement to Africa. [10 Marks]

QUESTION 7

Effective utilization of intellectual property rights as a tool for business development of an enterprise, presupposes existence of certain conditions in the economy. Identify and discuss those prerequisite conditions.

[25 Marks]

END OF EXAMINATION PAPER