# NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

SSC1104

## FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

## BACHELOR OF SCIENCE HONOURS DEGREE EXAMINATIONS

## DEPARTMENT OF SPORTS SCIENCE AND COACHING

## THEORY: SSC1104: SPORTS MODULE – FUNDAMENTALS OF ATHLETICS

## JANUARY 2011

3 HOURS (100 MARKS)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

Answer 4 questions only. Each question carries 25 marks. Where a question contains subdivisions, the mark value for each subdivision is given in brackets. Illustrate your answer where appropriate with large clearly labeled diagrams.

1)	(a)	Describe the phase structure of sprinting	[12 marks]
	(b)	State and describe any three drills one can use to develop the sprinting technique.	
	(c)	State and describe two tests you would use to predict performance in sprints.	[9 marks] [6 marks]
2)	Critica	lly evaluate the methods of teaching complex skills under the sub-topics:	
	a) Ch	aining	[12 marks]
	b) Sh	aping	[13 marks]
	Use e	xamples from a specific relay event.	
3)	jumps	llowing are steps in the teaching progressions of the triple jump: rhythmic , triple jump grid triple jump with step to platform, multiple triple jump, ple from a medium approach.	
	<ul><li>(a) Arrange them in recommended order.</li><li>(b) Identify the objective for each of the given steps and explain how you would</li></ul>		[5 marks]
	teach/coach an athlete to achieve that objective.	[20 marks]	
4)		es train and compete for various reasons. Critically discuss the reasons for pation in athletics.	[25 marks]

5)	All throwing events follow the phases; preparation, momentum gathering, power position and follow throw. Using examples from any two events show similarities and differences in the phases.		[25 marks]
6)	(a)	"The call room is the engine of a track and field competition." Critically discus this statement.	[15 marks]
	(b)	Using examples and/or diagrams discuss officiating in the vertical jumps, showing how you would resolve ties.	[10 marks]

## END OF EXAMINATION