# NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

SSC2209

# FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES BACHELOR OF SCIENCE HONOURS DEGREE EXAMINATIONS DEPARTMENT OF SPORTS SCIENCE AND COACHING

# THEORY: SSC2209: THEORY AND METHODOLOGY OF COACHING

**MAY 06** 

3 HOURS (100 MARKS)

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

Answer **four** questions only. Questions can be written in any order. Each question carries 25 marks. Where a question contains subdivisions, the mark value for each subdivision is given in brackets. Illustrate your answer where appropriate with large clearly labeled diagrams.

- 1. a) Using sporting examples, explain why adaptation is defined as phenotype. (10 marks)
  - b) Explain how activity is distinguished by the following imminent features which enable the disclosure of the specific nature of the adaptation process.
    - (i) Adequacy (5 marks)
    - (ii) Selectivity and feasibility (5 marks)
    - (iii) Ability to form anticipative reactions. (5 marks)
- 2. a) Using sporting examples, compare the two phases of the interim stage of cumulative adaptation.
  - b) Explain particular parameters that characterize the stages of stable adaptation. (10 marks)
- 3. Briefly explain the various changes (effects) in the organism under the impact of training loads. (25 marks)
- 4. a) Using sporting examples briefly describe the main characteristics of strength as a motor quality of the human being. (15 marks)
  - b) Explain any two ways of generating muscular strength. (10 marks)
- 5. Using examples, explain the main means and main methods for general strength training.

(25 marks)

- 6. Explain the following methods for developing aerobic capacities.
  - (i) Continuous steady method. (13 marks)
  - (ii) Steady variable method (12 marks)

### END OF EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER