

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT

DEPARTMENT OF ARCHITECTURE

SOCIETY AND THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT II

AAR 1205

Examination Paper

May 2016

This examination paper consists of 3 pages

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Total Marks: 100

Special Requirements: None

Examiner's Name: Mrs S. T. Katurura

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answer all Questions

2. All answers should be accompanied by sketches where appropriate

MARK ALLOCATION

QUESTION	MARKS
1.	20
2.	30
3.	30
4.	20
TOTAL	100

QUESTION 1

- a) Describe how the role of a King is displayed in ancient Africa.
- b) With reference to different variables of power, showcase how African Kings exercised authority over their societies. [15]

[5]

QUESTION 2

- a) What are the noteworthy differences between Nomadic and Sedentary African groups? [6]
- b) What can architects learn from Nomadic Architecture? [4]
- c) Vernacular Architecture displays either organic or linear forms and in some instances both. Explain why. [5]
- d) With reference to one (1) example you have studied, explain how an African ethnic group's "lifestyle" and "beliefs" have significantly influenced their settlement morphology and built forms.

 [15]

QUESTION 3

- a) "The survival of the Pre-Colonial African States much depended on the military factor".

 Discuss the above statement using relevant examples.

 [20]
- b) With reference to examples you have studied, recount the factors that led to the decline of Pre-Colonial African Cities. [10]

QUESTION 4

- a) Slavery occurred through conquest amongst Pre Colonial African societies and also through the Transatlantic Slave Trade. Compare and contrast the impacts of these two types of slavery on the African continent.

 [4]
- b) Between the 1870s and 1900 Africa faced European imperialist aggression deemed "The Scramble for Africa". By the early twentieth century, much of Africa had being colonized by European powers.
- i) Explain the political, social and economic factors that led to "The Scramble for Africa". [6]
- ii) Relate the impact of Colonization on African Architecture. [10]