NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

FACULTY OF THE BUILT ENVIRONMENT

DEPARTMENT OF ARCHITECTURE

BACHELOR OF ARCHITECTURAL STUDIES (HONOURS) DEGREE
2012-2013 ACADEMIC YEAR

BART HISECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS MAY 2012

PART II SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – MAY 2013 **AAR 2202 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION II**

<u>Instructions</u> <u>Time</u>: 4 Hours

Answer All Questions

Question 1 is to be answered on A1 sheet/s of paper.

You can draw either in pencil or technical pen only.

Number all your sheets.

Do <u>not</u> write your name on any sheet.

QUESTION 1

The inside dimensions of a staircase in a residential building with three floors is 2 500n 6 000mm. The floor to ceiling height is 3 280mm and the RCC slab is 120mm thick. Do the proper layout of the RCC stair for this building showing	
(a) Floor plans of the stair at the Ground and Second Floor Levels using scale 1:50	(9)
(b) The Section through the stair at 1:50	(10)
(c) Provide details at a scale of 1:5 indicating various names of components of the stair	. (16)
(d) Explain the functions of the components of the stair.	(5)
QUESTION 2	[40]
(a) (i) Explain the term 'anti-capillary groove'	(2)
(ii) What is its purpose?	(3)
(iii) Identify any two places where anti-capillary grooves can be found.	(2)
(b) Draw vertical sections of the following	
(i) a four paneled timber frame and door	(8)
(ii) concrete sill and lintel	(5)
(iii) Identify any two places where anti-capillary grooves can be found.	(2)

[20]

(a) Draw neat and clear single line diagrams to illustrate Lean-to roof, Gable	roof, Close
couple roof, Hip roof and Hip and valley roof and identify them by inser-	ting the
correct names next to each sketch.	(5)
(b) State five advantages of trussed roof construction over other types of roo	f
construction systems.	(5)
(c) Using sketches identify five members of a Close couple roof.	(5)
(d) With the aid of sketches show the difference between a <i>Stilted</i> arch and a arch	Splayed (5)
	[20]
JESTION 4	
(a) What are the functional requirements of a wall?	(5)
(b) How are walls classified?	(3)
(c) What are the four advantages of cladding	(4)
(d) Using sketches explain the difference between <i>Claddings fixed to a structural backing</i> and <i>Claddings to framed structures</i> .	(8)
	[20]