NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE AND QUANTITY SURVEYING BACHELOR OF QUANTITY SURVEYING (HONOURS) DEGREE PART I FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS—DECEMBER 2004

THEORY AND PRACTICE OF QUANTITY SURVEYING AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT I – AQS 1101

TIME: 3 Hours TOTAL MARKS: 100

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer Part I and any other two in Part II

PART I

QUESTION 1 (COMPULSORY)

The current Zimbabwean economy is characterized by high levels of inflation, price controls without subsidies, lack of foreign currency on the formal market, hence, "shortage" of building materials.

With this statement in mind, which building procurement method would be the best for such an economic climate?

Answer this question citing practical examples. (Students would score more marks if they cite the pros and cons of using the various procurement methods).

(40 marks)

QUESTION 2 (COMPULSORY)

The future of Quantity Surveying as a profession hangs in the balance in Zimbabwe as technology and the current economic climate makes some of the more traditional functions obsolete. Discuss.

(30 marks)

PART II

QUESTION 3

Recently, there has been an emergence of new techniques in the building industry. These are Project Management, Facilities Management and Value Management. Discuss them, showing clearly whether or not they are relevant in the building industry today.

(15 marks)

Ql	UESTION 4	
log	ccess in building requires that a complicated series of interactions be completical and predetermined sequence. The client then gets the building they was ceptable price, in the required time.	
Dis	scuss the above statement, showing clearly the pre-contract process.	(15 marks)
<u>JQ</u>	JESTION 5	
a) b) c)	What is Project Risk Management? Is there a link between Risk Management and Project Management? What are the essential steps to be followed when carrying out the process risk management?	(5 marks) (5 marks) of project (5 marks)
	Total Marks: 15	
END OF EXAMINATION		