



**NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

**FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**

**DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL AND MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING**

**BENG HONOURS DEGREE IN INDUSTRIAL & MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING**

**ASSET MANAGEMENT**

**EIE 3125**

**FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION PAPER**

**DECEMBER 2024**

This examination paper consists of **four (4)** printed pages.

**Time Allowed:** 3 hours  
**Total Marks:** 100  
**Examiner's Name:** W. TUMBUDZUKU

**INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION TO CANDIDATE**

1. Answer any **FIVE (5)** Questions.
2. Each Question carries a total of 20 Marks.
3. Start the answer to each full question on a fresh page.
4. Ensure neatness and legibility of work.

### QUESTION 1

- (a) Define:
- i. Assets. [1]
  - ii. Risk. [1]
  - iii. Asset management. [2]
- (b) What are the objectives/ importance of asset management? [5]
- (c) With reference to the equipment in your organisation describe the **Asset Life Cycle Cost Analysis**. [6]
- (d) Describe the asset management maturity graph in an organisation. [5]

### QUESTION 2

- (a) Demonstrate your understanding of **Predictive Maintenance** with relevant examples of application. [5]
- (b) Determine how the following maintenance performance factors can be evaluated:
- i. Analysis of plant availability. [3]
  - ii. Analysis of cost of maintenance. [3]
  - iii. Analysis of breakdowns [MTTF]. [3]
  - iv. Frequency of breakdowns [MTTR] [3]
  - v. Analysis of mean waiting time [MWT]. [3]

### QUESTION 3

Describe the following types of maintenance training programs:

- (a) Multi-skilled technician programs. [3]
- (b) Maintenance management courses. [3]
- (c) Customised maintenance training programs. [3]
- (d) Performance test training. [3]
- (e) Web based training. [4]
- (f) Computer based training. [4]

### QUESTION 4

For the successful spare parts management, it is essential to analyse the spare parts inventory based on various characteristics.

- (a) Describe the following commonly used inventory analysis methods:
- i. **FSN** analysis. [2]
  - ii. **VED** analysis. [2]
  - iii. **SDE** analysis. [2]
  - iv. **HML** analysis. [2]

- (b) Table Q4 shows then stationery basic consumption at an institution.

**Table Q4 ABC analysis**

Item	Annual units consumed	Cost per unit (USD\$)
A	21 000	0.52
B	10 000	0.5
C	16 000	0.5
D	50 000	1.5
E	15 000	3.5
F	40 000	0.1
G	80 000	2.0
H	12 000	0.03
I	15 000	0.05
J	10 000	1.5

Perform an **ABC** inventory analysis as follows:

- i. Determine the items inventory value. [3]
- ii. Sort items according to the inventory value. [2]
- iii. Determine the value contribution as a % of the total inventory value. [3]
- iv. Using a graph (Pareto analysis), group all items according to their contribution to the overall inventory value. [4]

**QUESTION 5**

- (a) Define Reliability as it apply to Asset Management. [2]
- (b) Describe a basic approach that is followed in order to conduct a basic Failure Mode and Effect Analysis **FMEA**. [10]
- (c) Demonstrate how the calculation of the Overall Equipment Effectiveness (**OEE**) is a vehicle to towards fighting the six big losses in an organisation. [8]

**QUESTION 6**

- (a) What is Total Productive Maintenance (**TPM**) and mention the major steps in introducing **TPM** in an organisation. [5]
- (b) Mention two similarities and two differences between (Total Quality Management (**TQM**) and **TPM**). [4]
- (c) Under the pillars of TPM , show an understanding of the use of:
  - i. **5S** and [3]
  - ii. Office **TPM** . [3]
- (d) Discuss the main difficulties faced in the implementation of **TPM** in an organisation. [5]

**QUESTION 7**

Determine the following **PRIEL'S** indices for maintenance effectiveness.

- (a) Manpower efficiency. [3]
- (b) Incentive coverage. [3]
- (c) Overdue tasks. [3]
- (d) Degree of scheduling. [3]
- (e) Maintenance ratio for investments. [3]
- (f) Machine utilization. [2]
- (g) Breakdown severity. [3]

**End of examination !!!**